

HUBUNGAN RELIGIUSITAS DAN DUKUNGAN SOSIAL DALAM KESIAPAN MENGHADAPI KEMATIAN PADA LANSIA DI BPSTW YOGYAKARTA UNIT ABIYOSO

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INTISARI

Latar Belakang : Kesiapan kematian merupakan suatu respon individu dalam menghadapi kematian. Faktor yang dapat mempengaruhi kesiapan dalam menghadapi kematian ialah tingkat religiusitas dan dukungan sosial.

Tujuan : Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan religiusitas dan dukungan sosial dalam kesiapan menghadapi kematian pada lansia

Metode : Metode penelitian menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif dengan desain *study cross sectional*. Pengambilan data menggunakan kuesioner scale of religiosity, Social Provisions Scale dan kuesioner kesiapan menghadapi kematian dengan jumlah responden 57, sedangkan untuk uji statistik menggunakan Uji Gamma

Hasil : Hasil karakteristik responden tingkat religiusitas kategori tinggi berjumlah 40 responden (71,9%), hasil uji statistic Gamma hubungan religiusitas dalam menghadapi kematiannya memperoleh nilai $p (0,038) < 0,05$ dan untuk nilai koefisien korelasi (r) didapatkan 0,757. Responden yang memiliki dukungan sosial tinggi berjumlah 29 responden (50,9%). Hasil uji statistic didapatkan hasil nilai $p (0,034) < 0,05$ dengan nilai koefisien korelasi (r) yaitu 0,768.

Kesimpulan : Terdapat hubungan antara tingkat religiusitas dan dukungan sosial dalam kesiapan menghadapi kematian pada lansia

Kata Kunci : Dukungan sosial, Kesiapan menghadapi kematian, Lansia, Religiusitas

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**THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RELIGIOSITY AND SOCIAL SUPPORT
IN ELDERS' READINESS TO FACE DEATH IN BPSTW YOGYAKARTA
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ABSTRACT

Background : The death readiness is an individual response in facing death. The factor influencing one's readiness in facing death is the religiosity level and social support.

Objectives : This research aims to reveal the relationship between religiosity and social support in elders' readiness to face death.

Method : The research utilized the quantitative approach with study cross sectional design. The data collection was done using scale of religiosity questionnaire, social provisions scale questionnaire and readiness to face death questionnaire, covering 57 respondents. Meanwhile the statistic test was done using Gamma test.

Results : The respondents' characteristics result of religiosity category is high, consisting 40 respondents (71.9%), the result of Gamma statistic test of religiosity relationship in facing death has p score (0.038) < 0.05 and for coefficient correlation score, the (r) reached 0.757. The respondents who have high social support consist of 29 respondents (50.9%). From the statistic test, it is obtained p score (0.034) < 0.05 with coefficient correlation score (r) 0.768.

Conclusion : There is a relationship between religiosity and social support in elders' readiness to face death.

Keywords : Social support, Readiness to face death, Elders, Religiosity

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