

# ANALISIS KELENGKAPAN EPENGISIAN REKAM MEDIS RAWAT INAP KLAIM BPJS DI RUMAH SAKIT PURWA HUSADA PURWOREJO

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## INTISARI

**Latar Belakang:** Klaim BPJS sangat bergantung pada rekam medis. Berkas rekam medis yang tidak lengkap tidak akan diklaim oleh BPJS. Kelengkapan rekam medis harus 100% dalam waktu 1x24 jam setelah pasien keluar. Selain menunjang sebagai sumber data yang akurat, kelengkapan rekam medis berguna dalam penegakan klaim BPJS.

**Tujuan penelitian:** Untuk mengetahui pengisian berkas rekam medis Rawat Inap klaim BPJS di Rumah Sakit Purwa Husada Purworejo.

**Metode Penelitian:** Penelitian ini memanfaatkan metode analisis kuantitatif, serta pendekatan yang dipakai yaitu cross sectional. Pengambilan sampel dilakukan dengan teknik simple random sampling.

**Hasil Penelitian:** Berdasarkan tabel di atas diketahui bahwa pengisian data rekam medis pada identitas pasien persentase kelengkapan tertinggi pada item Jenis Kelamin sedangkan untuk persentase terendah terdapat pada item Umur. Hasil untuk komponen laporan penting persentase kelengkapan tertinggi pada item tanggal masuk sedangkan kelengkapan terendah pada item keadaan waktu pulang. Hasil untuk komponen Autentifikasi belum mencapai lengkap 100% dari 66 berkas rekam medis hanya 43 berkas yang lengkap.

**Kesimpulan:** Identitas pasien persentase tertinggi pada item jenis kelamin 94,48% sedangkan persentase terendah pada item umur sebesar 75,75% Persentase kelengkapan laporan penting tertinggi pada item tanggal masuk sebesar 100% sedangkan terendah ruang perawatan sebesar 78,78% Persentase kelengkapan autentikasi sebesar 65,15% Pendokumentasian yang benar terdapat pembetulan pada 7 berkas sebesar 10,60%.

**Kata Kunci :** Kelengkapan, rekam medis, Klaim BPJS

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**ANALYSIS OF MEDICAL RECORD EMPLOYMENT COMPLETENESS  
TREATMENT OF BPJS CLAIMS  
AT PURWA HUSADA HOSPITAL PURWOREJO**

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**ABSTRACT**

**Background:** BPJS claims are very dependent on medical records. Incomplete medical record files will not be claimed by BPJS. The completeness of the medical record must be 100% within 1x24 hours after the patient is discharged. In addition to supporting as a source of accurate data, the completeness of medical records is useful in enforcing BPJS claims.

**The purpose of the study:** To find out how to fill in the BPJS Inpatient medical record file at Purwa Husada Hospital, Purworejo.

**Methods:** This study utilizes quantitative analysis methods, and the approach used is cross sectional. Sampling was done by simple random sampling technique.

**Research Results:** Based on the table above, it is known that the filling of medical record data on patient identity has the highest percentage of completeness on the Gender item while the lowest percentage is on the Age item. the results for the important report component have the highest percentage of completeness on the date of entry item while the lowest completeness on the item of the state of the return time. the results for the Authentication component have not reached 100% complete from 66 medical record files, only 43 files are complete. Human factors that cause incomplete filling of medical records are medical record officers and doctors at Purwa Husada Hospital. Most doctors have so many patients that it makes doctors forget to fill in.

**Conclusion:** The highest percentage identity on the gender item is 94.48% while the lowest percentage on the age item is 75.75% The highest percentage of completeness of important reports on the entry item is 100% while the lowest is maintenance is 78.78% Authentication completeness percentage is 65, 15% Documentation which actually contained corrections on 7 files by 10.60%

**Keywords:** Completeness, medical records, BPJS claim

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