

RANCANGAN ULANG MAP REKAM MEDIS DI RUMAH SAKIT UMUM DAERAH MAJENANG CILACAP

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INTISARI

Latar Belakang : RSUD Majenang, map rekam medis terbuat dari bahan kertas HVS *glossy* 150 gsm, dengan ukuran 35cm x 25cm dan belum menggunakan kode warna sehingga terjadi *misfile*. Jika terjadi *misfile* maka petugas membutuhkan waktu 15 menit untuk menyediakan DRM. Dengan *presentase misfile* sebesar 2% berkas setiap harinya.

Tujuan : menghasilkan map rekam medis sesuai kebutuhan dan menganalisis map (*folder*) berkas rekam medis baru dari aspek anatomi, fisik, dan isi untuk menghasilkan desain map (*folder*) rekam medis yang baru di RSUD Majenang.

Metode : Penelitian ini menggunakan metode penelitian dan pengembangan (*research & development*) dimana dalam penelitian ini akan menghasilkan produk berupa map (*folder*) rekam medis di RSUD Majenang berdasarkan aspek anatomi, fisik, dan isi.

Hasil :Perancang membuat satu usulan desain map rekam medis, Berdasarkan hasil FGD terpilihlah map rekam medis setelah dilakukan revisi pada map. Dari aspek anatomi terdapat *item* yang ditambahkan yaitu: alamat rumah sakit,web dan email rumah sakit. Dari aspek fisik map rekam medis yang diusulkan berbahan kertas *ivory* dengan tebal 310 gr. Sedangkan pada aspek isi, terdapat penambahan *item* berupa tulisan “ALERGI”, “*CONFIDENTIAL*” dan catatan penting.

Kata Kunci :Rancangan *Folder* Rekam Medis

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**Redesign Of Medical Record Folder In Majenang Cilacap General Regional
Hospitals**

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ABSTRACT

Background :Majenang General Regional Hospital, medical record folder is made of 150 gsm glossy HVS paper, with a size of 35cm x 25cm and has not used a color code so that a misfile is likely. If a misfile occurs, the officer takes 15 minutes to do a DRM search. With a misfile percentage of 2% of files every day.

Objective: to produce a medical record folder according to the needs and analyze the (folder) of new medical record files from the anatomical, physical, and content aspects to produce a new medical record folder design in Majenang General Regional Hospital.

Method: This research uses research and development method, in which this research will produce a product in the form of a medical record folder in Majenang General Regional Hospital based on anatomical, physical, and content aspects.

Result: The designer makes sample for the design of the medical record folder. Based on the results of the FGD, a medical record folder was selected after revision of the folder. From the anatomical aspect there are items that are added, namely: hospital address, hospital telephone. From the physical aspect of the proposed medical record folder made from ivory paper with a thickness of 310 gr. Whereas in the aspect of content, there are additional items in the form of "ALERGI", "CONFIDENTIAL" and important notes.

Keywords: Medical Record, Folder, Design.

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