CONTINUOUS MIDWIFERY CARE IN MRS. P AGED 36 YEARS MULTIPAROUS IN PMB ANISA MAULIDDINA SLEMAN YOGYAKARTA

Cici Noval ¹ Liberty Barokah ²

ABSTRAK

Background: The most common cause of death on woman (mother) at Yogyakarta are bleeding (28%), eclampsia (24%) and infections (11%). The right AKI make the government launch the expanding maternal and neonatal survival (EMAS) program. EMAS program is embodied in a continuous upbringing. Continuous care is a service achieved when there is a continuous relationship between a woman and a midwife.

Research objective: provide continuous midwifery care to Mrs. P aged 36 years multiparous in PMB Anisa Mauliddina Sleman Yogyakarta.

Research method: research method used is descriptive research method. The type of descriptive research used is a case study.

Result: has been carried out continuous midwifery care from the start of pregnancy. Visit of pregnant woman done twice, form result of examination got mother having medium anemia. Mrs. P maternity on February, 20, 2018. Kala I lasted 30 minutes, Kala II time lasted 1 hours 33 minutes, Kala III lasted 22 minutes and monitoring Kala IV lasted 2 hours. Baby is born complete at 09.33 WIB, gender: female, weight: 2750 gram, body length: 48 cm. Neonatal visit were performed three times and no problems were found. Tripartite visit was done three with milk problem not smoothly so given complementary care in the form of the massage of oxytocin. At the third postpartum visit the mother decided to use progestine injectable contraception.

Conclusion: has been carried out continuous midwifery care from pregnant, childbirth, neonates and family planning.

Key Words: Continuous care

¹Mahasiswa Program Studi kebidanan (D-3) Universitas Jenderal Achmad Yani
²Dosen Pembimbing Program Studi Kebidanan (D-3) Universitas Jenderal Achmad Yani