

# HUBUNGAN DUKUNGAN KELUARGA DAN TEMAN SEBAYA DENGAN KENAKALAN REMAJA DI DUSUN JONGKE TENGAH, SENDANGADI, MLATI, SLEMAN, YOGYAKARTA

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## INTISARI

**Latar Belakang :** Remaja merupakan seseorang yang berada dalam masa peralihan anak-anak menuju dewasa. Ketika seseorang beranjak remaja, terdapat perubahan, remaja banyak melakukan perilaku yang dianggap nakal. Kenakalan dikalangan remaja ini mencakup semua perilaku remaja. Dalam perilaku kenakalan remaja penduduk Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta untuk perilaku merokok setiap hari adalah sebanyak (95,2%), kejadian klitih 7,877 kasus, *free sex* pra nikah (57,5%). Hal ini di akibatkan karena kurangnya dukungan dari keluarga dan dukungan teman sebaya.

**Tujuan :** Mengetahui hubungan dukungan keluarga dan teman sebaya dengan kenakalan remaja di Dusun Jongke Tengah, Sendangadi, Mlati, Sleman, Yogyakarta.

**Metode :** Jenis penelitian kuantitatif dengan pendekatan *Cross-sectional*, sampel diambil dengan teknik *simple random sampling* dengan responden 73 remaja. Alat pengumpulan data menggunakan kuesioner (angket). Analisa data menggunakan analisa univariat dan bivariate dengan uji *Gamma*.

**Hasil :** Hasil penelitian menunjukkan sebagian besar dukungan keluarga tinggi (65,8%), dukungan teman sebaya sedang (87,7%). Kenakalan remaja sedang (82,2%). Hasil perhitungannya statistik menggunakan uji *Gamma* analisa data menunjukkan ada hubungan signifikan dukungan keluarga dengan kenakalan remaja diperoleh nilai *p-value* 0,10 ( $p < 0,05$ ) dengan nilai koefisien korelasi sebesar 0,689. Sedangkan dukungan teman dengan kenakalan remaja tidak memiliki hubungan yang signifikan diperoleh *p-value* 0,776 ( $p > 0,05$ ).

**Kesimpulan :** Terdapat hubungan signifikan antara dukungan keluarga dengan kenakalan remaja, namun tidak pada dukungan teman sebaya dengan kenakalan remaja.

**Kata kunci:** Dukungan keluarga, Dukungan Teman Sebaya, Kenakalan Remaja.

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**THE CORRELATION BETWEEN FAMILY AND PEER SUPPORT WITH  
JUVENILE DELINQUENCY IN JONGKE TENGAH VILLAGE, SENDANGADI,  
MLATI, SLEMAN, YOGYAKARTA**

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**ABSTRACT**

**Background:** Teenagers are those who are in the transition period from childhood to adulthood. When someone grows up, there is a change. Teenagers do a lot of behaviour that is considered naughty. Juvenile delinquency includes all behaviour of teenagers. In juvenile delinquency of the Special Region of Yogyakarta residents for smoking behaviour cases, it reaches as much as (95.2%) every day. The incidence of *Klitih* is 7.877 cases and premarital free sex is (57.5%). This is due to the lack of support from family and peers.

**Objective:** It aims to find out the correlation between family and peer support with juvenile delinquency in Jongke Tengah Village, Sendangadi, Mlati, Sleman, Yogyakarta.

**Method:** The type of research was quantitative with a cross-sectional approach. The sample was taken using a simple random sampling technique with 73 teenagers as respondents. The data collection tool used a questionnaire (questionnaire). The data analysis applied univariate and bivariate analysis with Gamma test.

**Results:** The results show that most of family support is high (65.8%) while peer support is moderate (87.7%). On the other hand, juvenile delinquency is moderate (82.2%). The results of statistical calculations using Gamma test show that there is a significant correlation between family support and juvenile delinquency. The p-value is 0.10 ( $p < 0.05$ ) with a correlation coefficient of 0.689. Meanwhile, the correlation between peer support and juvenile delinquency does not have a significant relationship obtaining p-value of 0.776 ( $p > 0.05$ ).

**Conclusion:** There is a significant correlation between family support and juvenile delinquency, but there is no significant correlation between peer support and juvenile delinquency.

**Keywords:** Family support, peer support, juvenile delinquency

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