

REDESAIN MAP REKAM MEDIS DI RS PANTI NUGROHO SLEMAN YOGYAKARTA

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INTISARI

Latar Belakang: Saat ini penggunaan map rekam medis di RS Panti Nugroho perlu dilaksanakan redesain map rekam medis agar sesuai dengan ketentuan akreditasi rumah sakit terkait *asesmen pasien*, elemen penilaian 1.8 yang menyebutkan bahwa setiap pasien yang akan mendapatkan pelayanan kesehatan di rumah sakit perlu dilakukan *asesmen awal* bagi setiap individu. Salah satu hal yang dapat menunjang elemen penilaian tersebut adalah penggunaan map rekam medis di suatu rumah sakit. Map rekam medis yang digunakan perlu diperhatikan, salah satunya dalam penggunaan tanda khusus yang dapat disertakan pada sampul map rekam medis untuk mempermudah mengetahui kondisi pasien. Hal lain yang perlu diperhatikan untuk menunjang penggunaan map yaitu terkait aspek anatomi, aspek fisik, dan aspek isi map rekam medis.

Tujuan Perancangan: Meredesign map rekam medis di RS Panti Nugroho berdasarkan aspek anatomi, aspek fisik, dan aspek isi.

Metode Perancangan: Menggunakan jenis penelitian deskriptif kualitatif.

Hasil: Perancang melakukan identifikasi terhadap kebutuhan map rekam medis berdasarkan aspek anatomi, aspek fisik, dan aspek isi. Proses identifikasi dilakukan dengan *check list* dokumentasi, *check list* observasi, dan wawancara. Perancang membuat tiga usulan desain map rekam medis, yang selanjutnya akan dipilih secara FGD. Berdasarkan hasil FGD terpilihlah map rekam medis setelah dilakukan revisi pada map. Dari aspek anatomi terdapat *item* yang ditambahkan yaitu: web dan email rumah sakit. Dari aspek fisik map rekam medis yang diusulkan berbahan kertas *ivory* dengan tebal 260 gr. Sedangkan pada aspek isi, terdapat penambahan *item* berupa catatan alergi dan catatan penting.

Kesimpulan: Rancangan desain yang diusulkan memiliki *layout* dengan bentuk *landscape* dan *portrait* serta terdapat penambahan *item* pada aspek isi berupa keterangan alergi dan catatan penting.

Kata Kunci : Redesain, Map Rekam Medis , Aspek Anatomi, Aspek Fisik, Aspek Isi

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REDESIGN OF MEDICAL RECORD MAP IN PANTI NUGROHO HOSPITAL SLEMAN YOGYAKARTA

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ABSTRACT

Background: Apparently, a redesigning on the medical record map of Panti Nugroho hospital becomes a necessity in order to meet the criteria of hospital accreditation related to patient assessment, assessment element 1.8 which states that every patient who will get their health services are required to have a primary assessment. One of the things to improve the assessment elements is by considering the medical record map used. It requires special attentions in using the map, and one of them is using a special mark which can be attached to its cover to ease the process of finding information of the patient's health condition. The other aspects worth-considered to improve the map utilisation is viewed from the anatomical, physical, and content aspects.

Purpose: To redesign a medical record map in Panti Nugroho hospital according the anatomical, physical, and content aspects.

Method: This research used a descriptive qualitative method.

Result: The designer firstly identified the needs in redesigning the medical record map regarding to the anatomical, physical, and content aspects. The process of this stage was done through a documentation check list, observation check list, and interview. The designer made three designs of the map which would be selected according to FGD. According to the FGD, one design of the map was chosen after some revisions were done beforehand. From the physical aspect of the medical record map, there were some features added, i.e. hospital's website and email addresses. From the anatomical aspect, it was suggested that the map was made from ivory paper with 260 grams thickness. Meanwhile, on the content aspect, there were some additional items such as the patient's allergy and important notes.

Conclusion: The suggested design has a landscape and portrait layout with some item additions such as patient's allergy and important notes.

Keywords: Redesign, Medical Record Map , Anatomical Aspects, Physical Aspects, Contents Aspects.

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