

GAMBARAN PENGETAHUAN *FAMILY CAREGIVER* DALAM MERAWAT PENDERITA *STROKE*

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Intisari

Latar Belakang : Berdasarkan Survei Kesehatan Indonesia (2023) prevalensi *stroke* (per mil) berdasarkan diagnosis dokter terhadap penduduk berusia di atas 15 tahun Yogyakarta menempati urutan pertama dengan jumlah penderita *stroke* terbanyak di Indonesia dengan jumlah 11,4%. Menurut data dinas Kesehatan Yogyakarta (2018) menunjukkan pasien paska *stroke* pada tahun 2018 prevalensi angka di Kota Yogyakarta sebanyak 9,2%.

Tujuan : Untuk mengetahui bagaimana gambaran pengetahuan *family caregiver* dalam merawat penderita *stroke*.

Metode : Penelitian ini menggunakan metode penelitian deskriptif kuantitatif. Populasi dalam penelitian ini yaitu seluruh *family caregiver* yang merawat penderita *stroke* di wilayah Binaan Puskesmas Wirobrajan Kota Yogyakarta Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta. Responden didapatkan di Puskesmas sebanyak 12 responden dan didapatkan secara *door to door* ke rumah responden sebanyak 48 responden.

Hasil : Hasil penelitian didapatkan hasil bahwa pengetahuan *family caregiver* dalam merawat penderita *stroke* di Wilayah Binaan Puskesmas Wirobrajan Kota Yogyakarta, dari 60 responden Didapatkan hasil *family caregiver* yang berpengetahuan baik sebanyak 25 responden (41,70%), responden yang berpengetahuan cukup sebanyak 17 responden (28,3%), responden yang berpengetahuan kurang sebanyak 18 responden (30,0%).

Kesimpulan : Gambaran *family caregiver* dalam merawat penderita *stroke* di Wilayah Binaan Puskesmas Wirobrajan sebagian besar menunjukkan hasil baik 25 responden (41,70%).

Kata Kunci : *Family Caregiver*, *Stroke*, pengetahuan.

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OVERVIEW KNOWLEDGE OF FAMILY CAREGIVERS' KNOWLEDGE IN CARING FOR STROKE SUFFERERS.

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Abstrak

Background : Stroke is the main health problem faced by health services in the world after cancer and coronary heart disease, stroke is ranked third in the world in terms of causes of death.

Purpose : To describe knowledge of Family caregivers' knowledge in caring for stroke sufferers.

Methods : This research uses quantitative descriptive research methods. Population in this study were all family caregivers who cared for stroke sufferers in area supported by Wirobrajan Health Center, Yogyakarta City, Special Region of Yogyakarta. Respondents were obtained at the Community Health Center as many as 12 respondents and were obtained door to door to the respondents' homes as many as 48 respondents.

Results : The results of the research showed that the knowledge of family caregivers in caring for stroke sufferers in the area supported by the Wirobrajan Health Center, Yogyakarta City, from 60 respondents. It was found that family caregivers who had good knowledge were 25 respondents (41.70%), respondents who had sufficient knowledge were 17 respondents (28, 3%), respondents with less knowledge were 18 respondents (30.0%).

Conclusion : The description of family caregivers in caring for stroke sufferers in the area supported by the Wirobrajan Community Health Center mostly showed good results for 25 respondents (41.70%).

Keywords : Family Caregiver, Stroke, Knowledge.

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