

GAMBARAN PENGETAHUAN *PERSONAL SAFETY SKILL* TENTANG KEKERASAN SEKSUAL PADA ANAK DI SD MUHAMMADIYAH WARUNGBOTO YOGYAKARTA

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INTISARI

Latar belakang : Kekerasan seksual pada anak atau *Child Sexual Abuse* adalah tindakan seksual terhadap anak baik yang dilakukan oleh orang tua, wali, sanak saudara atau orang yang dikenalnya. Komisi Perlindungan Anak Indonesia (KPAI) mencatat korban kekerasan seksual berupa pencabulan, pemerkosaan, sodomi, dan pedofilia sebanyak 1.880 anak. Korban kekerasan seksual yang masih duduk dibangku sekolah dasar tercatat sebanyak 67%.

Tujuan : Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui gambaran pengetahuan *personal safety skill* tentang kekerasan seksual pada anak di SD Muhammadiyah Warungboto Yogyakarta.

Metode : Jenis penelitian ini adalah deskriptif kuantitatif, responden 55 siswa. Menggunakan instrumen penelitian berupa kuesioner pengetahuan *personal safety skill* tentang kekerasan seksual. Analisa data univariat berupa data distribusi frekuensi.

Hasil : Hasil penelitian ini didapatkan sebagian besar pengetahuan *personal safety skill* tentang kekerasan seksual siswa di SD Muhammadiyah Warungboto Yogyakarta dalam kategori kurang berusia 10 tahun (58,1%), berjenis kelamin laki-laki (61,3%) pendidikan terakhir ayah SMA (57,9%) dan pendidikan terakhir ibu SMA (55,6%), pekerjaan ayah karyawan swasta (57,1%) dan pekerjaan ibu sebagai ibu rumah tangga (59,5%), dan mayoritas siswa memiliki gadget (52,9%).

Kesimpulan : Pengetahuan *personal safety skill* tentang kekerasan seksual pada anak di SD Muhammadiyah Warungboto Yogyakarta sebagian besar dalam kategori kurang (59,4%).

Kata kunci : *Personal safety skill*, anak usia sekolah, kekerasan seksual.

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OVERVIEW OF *PERSONAL SAFETY SKILL KNOWLEDGE ABOUT SEXUAL VIOLENCE AGAINST CHILDREN AT MUHAMMADIYAH PRIMARY SCHOOL WARUNGBOTO YOGYAKARTA*

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ABSTRACT

Background: Child sexual abuse is a sexual act committed against a child by parents, guardians, relatives or people they know. The Indonesian Child Protection Commission (KPAI) recorded victims of sexual violence in the form of sexual abuse, rape, sodomy, and pedophilia as many as 1,880 children. Victims of sexual violence who were still in elementary school were recorded at 67%.

Objectives: This study aims to determine the description of personal safety skills knowledge about sexual violence in children at SD Muhammadiyah Warungboto Yogyakarta.

Methods: This type of research is quantitative descriptive, respondents 55 students. Using a research instrument in the form of a personal safety skill knowledge questionnaire about sexual violence. Univariate data analysis in the form of frequency distribution data.

Results: The results of this study found that most of the knowledge of personal safety skills about sexual violence of students at SD Muhammadiyah Warungboto Yogyakarta in the category of less aged 10 years (58.1%), male (61.3%), the last education of the father was SMA (57.9%) and the last education of the mother was SMA (55.6%), the father's job was a private employee (57.1%) and the mother's job was a housewife (59.5%), and the majority of students had gadgets (52.9%).

Conclusion: Knowledge of personal safety skills about sexual violence in children at SD Muhammadiyah Warungboto Yogyakarta is mostly in the lacking category (59.4%)

Keywords: Personal safety skills, school age children, sexual violence.

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