

**GAMBARAN PENGETAHUAN IBU TENTANG PEMERIKSAAN
INSPEKSI VISUAL ASAM ASETAT (IVA) DIPEDUKUHAN KAWEDEN
DESA TIRTOADI KECAMATAN MLATI KABUPATEN
SLEMAN YOGYAKARTA**

Yunita Kristianti¹, Ristiana Eka Ariningtyas²

¹ Mahasiswa DIII Kebidanan STIKES A. Yani Yogyakarta

² Dosen STIKES A. Yani Yogyakarta

INTISARI

Latar Belakang: Kanker servik adalah jenis kanker yang mempengaruhi mulut rahim. Kanker serviks merupakan penyebab utama morbiditas dan mortalitas wanita di seluruh dunia dengan 528.000 kasus baru setiap tahun dan lebih dari 280.000 kasus diantaranya meninggal dunia. Akibat masalah yang begitu kompleks, timbul gagasan untuk melakukan skrining kanker servik dengan metode yang lebih sederhana, antara lain yaitu IVA (Inspeksi Visual Asam asetat).

Tujuan Penelitian: Mengetahui gambaran pengetahuan ibu tentang pemeriksaan Inspeksi Visual Asam asetat (IVA) di Pedukuhan Kaweden Desa Tirtoadi Kecamatan Mlati Kabupaten Sleman Yogyakarta berdasarkan pendidikan, pekerjaan dan umur.

Metode: Rancangan penelitian menggunakan survei deskriptif. Lokasi Penelitian di Pedukuhan Kaweden Desa Tirtoadi Kecamatan Mlati Kabupaten Sleman Yogyakarta yang dilakukan pada tanggal 9-11 juli 2014. Teknik pengambilan sampel *simple random sampling*, jumlah sampel sebanyak 40 responden. Analisis data menggunakan analisis univariat dilanjutkan analisis bivariat

Hasil Penelitian: Gambaran pengetahuan ibu tentang pemeriksaan Inspeksi Visual Asam Asetat (IVA) sebagian besar mempunyai tingkat pengetahuan cukup sebanyak 24 orang (60%), dimana yang berpendidikan SD sebanyak 6 orang (100%), tidak bekerja sebanyak 21 orang (70%), dan berumur 20-35 tahun sebanyak 9 orang (64,3%).

Kesimpulan: Pengetahuan ibu tentang Pemeriksaan Inspeksi Visual Asam Asetat (IVA) adalah cukup baik, kelompok ibu yang berpengetahuan cukup baik, sebagian besar berpendidikan sekolah dasar, ibu yang bekerja memiliki pengetahuan lebih baik dibandingkan yang tidak bekerja, kelompok ibu yang berpengetahuan cukup baik, sebagian besar berumur 20-35 tahun.

Kata Kunci: Pengetahuan, Pemeriksaan IVA

**THE DESCRIPTION OF MOTHERS' KNOWLEDGE ABOUT ACETATE
ACID VISUAL INSPECTION (IVA) IN KAWEDEN HAMLET,
TIRTOADI VILLAGE, MLATI SUB DISTRICT,
SLEMAN REGENCY, YOGYAKARTA**

Yunita Kristianti¹, Ristiana Eka Ariningtyas²

¹ A student of Diploma III Midwifery Study Program of Stikes A. Yani Yogyakarta

² A counseling lecturer of Stikes A. Yani Yogyakarta

ABSTRACT

Background : Cervical cancer is a kind of cancer that infects cervix. Cervical cancer is the major cause of morbidity and female mortality all over the world with the rate of 528.000 cases annually and over 280.000 cases end up with mortality. Complicated problems of this health issue have triggered an idea to launch cervical cancer screening with more simple method which is IV A (Acetate Acid Visual Inspection).

Objective : To Find Out The Description Of Mothers' Knowledge About Acetate Acid Visual Inspection (IVA) In Kaweden Hamlet, Tirtoadi Village, Mlati Sub District, Sleman Regency, Yogyakarta according To Education, Job, And Age

Method : The study design applied descriptive survey. The location of this study was Kaweden Hamlet, Tirtoadi village, Mlati sub district, Sleman regency, Yogyakarta, which was implemented on 9 – 11 July 2014. Sampling technique applied simple random sampling method with 40 respondents as samples. Data were analyzed with multi variable analysis and followed by dual variable analysis.

Result : Mothers' knowledge level about Acetate Acid Visual Inspection (IV A) was mostly sufficient as many as 24 respondents (60%), were elementary school graduates as many as 6 respondents (100%), jobless as many as 21 respondents (70%), and aged 20-35 years old as many as 9 respondents (64,3%).

Conclusion : Mothers' knowledge level about Acetate Acid Visual Inspection Examination (IVA) was in sufficiently good knowledge level. Mother's of good knowledge group sufficiently good knowledge level were mostly Elementary School graduates. The working mothers had better than the housewife one's. Mother's of good knowledge group sufficiently good knowledge level were mostly based on age group of 20-35 years old.

Keywords : Knowledge, IVA Examination
