

HUBUNGAN TINGKAT PENDIDIKAN DAN PENGETAHUAN DENGAN SIKAP IBU DALAM PENATALAKASANAAN DEMAM PADA ANAK DI RUANG RAWAT INAP ANAK RSUD PANEMBAHAN SENOPATI BANTUL YOGYAKARTA

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INTISARI

Latar Belakang : Orangtua telah mempunyai persepsi yang salah terhadap demam, mereka berfikir bahwa semua demam harus memerlukan intervensi medis, padahal umumnya demam disebabkan oleh infeksi virus yang penanganannya tidak memerlukan intervensi medis. Penanganan demam pada anak sangat tergantung pada peran orangtua, terutama ibu. Ibu yang tahu tentang demam dan memiliki sikap yang baik dalam memberikan perawatan, dapat menentukan pengelolaan demam yang terbaik bagi anaknya.

Tujuan Penelitian : Mengetahui hubungan tingkat pendidikan dan pengetahuan terhadap sikap ibu dalam penatalakasanaan demam pada anak di Ruang Rawat Inap Anak RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul.

Metode Penelitian : Desain penelitian deskriptif korelasional dengan pendekatan *cross-sectional*. Sampel diambil dengan teknik *accidental sampling* yaitu 63 ibu dari anak yang menderita sakit dengan disertai gejala demam di RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul. Instrumen penelitian adalah kuesioner. Hasil penelitian dianalisis dengan uji korelasi Kendall Tau.

Hasil penelitian : Tingkat pendidikan ibu mayoritas SMA sebanyak 31 orang (49,2%). Tingkat pengetahuan ibu dalam penanganan demam pada anak baik sebanyak 30 orang (47,6%). Sikap ibu dalam penanganan demam pada anak positif sebanyak 39 orang (61,9%). Hasil uji *Kendall Tau* hubungan tingkat pendidikan dengan sikap dalam penanganan demam anak diperoleh $p > 0,05$, sedangkan hubungan tingkat pengetahuan dengan sikap ibu dalam penanganan demam pada anak diperoleh $p < 0.05$.

Kesimpulan : Tidak ada hubungan tingkat pendidikan dengan sikap ibu dalam penanganan demam pada anak di Bangsal Anggrek RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul. Ada hubungan tingkat pengetahuan dengan sikap ibu dalam penanganan demam pada anak di Bangsal Anggrek RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul.

Kata kunci : Pendidikan, Pengetahuan, Sikap

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**RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN EDUCATION AND KNOWLEDGE WITH
MOTHERS' ATTITUDE IN CHILDREN FEVER MANAGEMENT ON
CHILDREN' HOSPITAL ROOM OF GENERAL HOSPITAL OF
PANEMBAHAN SENOPATI BANTUL YOGYAKARTA**

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ABSTRACT

Background: Parents already have a wrong perception of fever, they think that all fevers should require medical intervention, whereas generally fever is caused by a viral infection that the treatment do not require any medical intervention. Treatment of fever in children is very depends on the role of parents, especially mothers. Mothers, who know about fevers and have a good attitude in providing care, can determine the best fever management for their child.

Purpose: to know the relationship between education and knowledge with mothers' attitude in children fever management on children' hospital room of General Hospital of Panembahan Senopati Bantul.

Method: Research design is correlational descriptive with cross sectional approach. Sample taken by accidental sampling technique obtain 63 mothers of children who have ill with fever symptoms in General Hospital of Panembahan Senopati Bantul. Research result analyzed by Kendall Tau test.

Result: Mothers' education level is high school as many 31 people (49,2%). Level of mothers' knowledge in children fever management in good category as many 30 people (47,6%). Mothers' attitude in children fever management in positive category as many 39 people (61,9%). Kendall Tau test result of relationship between education and attitude in children fever management obtain $\rho > 0,05$, while relationship between knowledge and attitude children fever management obtain $\rho < 0,05$.

Conclusion: There is no relationship between education and mothers' attitude in children fever management on Anggrek ward of General Hospital of Panembahan Senopati Bantul. There is relationship between knowledge and mothers' attitude in children fever management on Anggrek ward of General Hospital of Panembahan Senopati Bantul.

Keywords: education, knowledge, attitude

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