

GAMBARAN PENGETAHUAN DAN MOTIVASI WANITA USIA 30-50 TAHUN TENTANG PEMERIKSAAN IVA DI KELURAHAN KOTABARU GONDOKUSUMAN YOGYAKARTA

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INTISARI

Latar Belakang: Kanker serviks termasuk kanker yang semestinya dapat dilakukan upaya pencegahan, deteksi dini, dan bila ditemukan pada tahap awal dapat diharapkan penyembuhan secara maksimal. Di Indonesia, hampir 70% kasus kanker serviks ditemukan dalam kondisi stadium lanjut (>IIB). Insiden kanker leher rahim meningkat diatas usia 35 tahun dan menurun pada usia menopause. Program penapisan kanker leher rahim di Indonesia difokuskan pada perempuan usia 30-50 tahun. Program penapisan kanker leher rahim salah satunya dengan metode inspeksi visual asam asetat (IVA). Kota Yogyakarta memiliki cakupan terendah di DIY untuk pemeriksaan IVA yaitu sebanyak 314 orang. Sedangkan di Kota Yogyakarta, Puskesmas Gondokusuman II memiliki cakupan terendah sebanyak 25 orang khususnya di Kelurahan Kotabaru yaitu sebanyak 6 orang.

Tujuan Penelitian: Untuk mengetahui gambaran pengetahuan dan motivasi wanita usia 30-50 tahun tentang pemeriksaan IVA di Kelurahan Kotabaru.

Metode Penelitian: Penelitian deskriptif kuantitatif. Teknik pengambilan sampel *non probability sampling* dengan *stratifikasi sampling*. Jumlah sampel yaitu 51 responden.

Hasil: Hasil penelitian diketahui bahwa wanita usia 30-50 tahun di Kelurahan Kotabaru sebagian besar memiliki pengetahuan cukup yaitu 24 responden (47,1%) selebihnya berpengetahuan baik dan kurang. Serta sebagian besar memiliki motivasi rendah yaitu 27 responden (52,9%) dan selebihnya memiliki motivasi tinggi.

Kesimpulan: Berdasarkan hasil penelitian dapat disimpulkan bahwa sebagian besar wanita usia 30-50 tahun memiliki pengetahuan cukup yaitu 24 orang (47,1%) dan motivasi rendah 27 responden (52,9%) tentang pemeriksaan IVA.

Kata Kunci: Pengetahuan, motivasi, IVA.

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THE KNOWLEDGE AND MOTIVATION OVERVIEW OF WOMEN AGED FROM 30 UNTIL 50 YEARS OLD ABOUT VISUAL INSPECTION WITH ACETIC ACID (IVA) IN KOTABARU VILLAGE, GONDOKUSUMAN, YOGYAKARTA

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ABSTRACT

Background: Cervical cancer is a kind of cancer that should be managed for early prevention and detection. If the cancer is identified at early stage, it is expected that the cancer can be healed comprehensively. In Indonesia, nearly 70% cases of cervical cancer were detected in advanced stage (>IIB) conditions. The rate of cervical cancer case increased over the age of 35 years and decreased during menopause period. Based on that, screening program in Indonesia was focused on women aged from 30 until 50 years old. One of cervical cancer screening program is implemented through the application of visual inspection with acetic acid (IVA). Yogyakarta had the lowest coverage in DIY for IVA as many as 314 women. In the meanwhile, Gondokusuman II Community Health Center in Yogyakarta city had the lowest coverage of 25 women, especially in Kotabaru Village as many as 6 women.

Objective: To identify the knowledge and motivation overview of women aged from 30 until 50 years old about visual inspection with acetic acid in Kotabaru village.

Research methods: This study was a descriptive and quantitative study. Sampling method applied non probability sampling technique with sampling stratification. The number of samples was 51 respondents.

Results: The results revealed that women aged from 30 until 50 years old in Kotabaru Village had moderate knowledge level as many as 24 respondents (47.1%) while the rest of respondents had excellent and poor knowledge level. The majority of respondents had low motivation level as many as 27 respondents (52,9%) and the rest of respondents had high motivation level.

Conclusion: According to the study result, it could be concluded that most of women aged from 30 until 50 years old had moderate knowledge level as many as 24 respondents (47,1%) and low motivation level as many as 27 respondents (52,9%) about visual inspection with acetic acid.

Keywords: Knowledge, Motivation, Acetic acid visual infections.

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