

TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN IBU *POSTPARTUM* TENTANG JAMPERSAL DI BPS IKA WIDYA DESA KEBLUKAN KALORAN KABUPATEN TEMANGGUNG

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INTISARI

Latar Belakang : AKI di Indonesia masih tinggi dibandingkan Negara ASEAN lain. Menurut SDKI 2007, AKI sebanyak 228/100.000 KH, sebagian besar disebabkan oleh perdarahan pasca salin. Oleh sebab itu pemerintah membentuk jampersal yaitu jaminan pembiayaan ditanggung pemerintah. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui tingkat pengetahuan ibu *postpartum* tentang jampersal agar AKI yang pasca salin berkurang.

Tujuan Penelitian : Untuk mengetahui tingkat pengetahuan ibu *postpartum* tentang jampersal.

Metode Penelitian : Menggunakan metode *deskriptif*. Teknik sampling menggunakan *Accidental Sampling*, subjek semua responden yang mendapatkan pelayanan di BPS Ika Widya. Jumlah sampel 30 orang, teknik pengumpulan data yang digunakan adalah kuesioner yang telah diuji validitas dan reliabilitas.

Hasil Penelitian : Berdasarkan umur termasuk dalam kategori cukup 23 responden (76,6%), pendidikan dikategorikan cukup 15 responden (50%), pekerjaan dikategorikan baik 20 responden (66,6%). Pengertian jampersal 26 responden (86,7%), tujuan jampersal dikategorikan baik 28 responden (93,3%), sasaran jampersal dikategorikan kurang 17 responden (56,7%), kebijakan operasional jampersal dikategorikan baik 19 responden (63,3%), ruang lingkup jampersal dikategorikan kurang 20 responden (66,7%), paket manfaat dan tata laksana pelayanan jampersal dikategorikan kurang 17 responden (56,7%) dan tarif jampersal dikategorikan baik 23 responden (76,7%).

Kesimpulan : Tingkat pengetahuan ibu *postpartum* tentang jampersal di BPS Ika Widya dikategorikan baik.

Kata Kunci : Tingkat pengetahuan, *Postpartum*, jampersal.

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THE LEVEL KNOWLEDGE OF POSTPARTUM MATERNAL ABOUT JAMPERSAL AT BPS IKA WIDYA KEBLUKAN VILLAGE KALORAN DISTRICT TEMANGGUNG

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ABSTRACT

Background: Maternal Mortality in Indonesia is still very high compared to other countries ASEAN. According to the Demographic and Health Survey 2007, maternal mortality as 228/100.000 live birth mostly caused by bleeding after delivery. Therefore government form a jampersal program that guarantees of financing covered by the government. The purpose of this study to know the level of knowledge postpartum maternal about jampersal that maternal mortality caused by bleeding after childbirth be reduced.

Objective: to know the level of knowledge postpartum maternal about jampersal.

Methods: Using a descriptive method. Technique sampling techniques using accidental sampling with the subject of all respondents who received services after labor at BPS Ika Widya Kebulkan Kaloran. The total sample of 30 people, the data collection techniques used are questionnaires who have tested the validity and reliability.

Results: Based on the maternal's age are included in enough categories up to 23 respondents (76,6%), education categorized enough up to 15 respondents (50%), jobs categorized 20 respondents (66,6%). Based on the level of knowledge included in the enough category up to 26 respondents (86,7%), definition of Jampersal 30 respondents (100%), Jampersal purpose categorized by 28 respondents (93,3%), Jampersal targets categorized as less than 17 respondents (56.7%), operational policies Jampersal categorized good up to 19 respondents (63.3%), scope classified Jampersal less by 20 respondents (66,7%), package of benefits and services administration of Jampersal categorized as less than 17 respondents (56.7%) and Jampersal rates well categorized by 23 respondents (76,7%).

Conclusions: The level knowledge of postpartum maternal at Widya BPS Ika Jampersal categorized enough.

Keywords: Level of knowledge, Postpartum, Jampersal.

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