

**KARAKTERISTIK IBU YANG MENGALAMI KANKER PAYUDARA
DI RUMAH SAKIT UMUM DAERAH (RSUD)
PANEMBAHAN SENOPATI BANTUL**

INTISARI

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Latar Belakang: Kanker payudara adalah suatu kondisi dimana sel telah kehilangan pengendalian dan mekanisme normalnya, sehingga mengalami pertumbuhan yang tidak normal dan tidak terkendali. Jumlah kasus penderita kanker payudara di DIY tahun 2013 ditemukan 947 penderita dari 4 Kabupaten yang melaporkan. Daerah tertinggi di provinsi DIY yang terkena kanker payudara adalah Kabupaten Bantul khususnya Rumah Sakit Umum Daerah (RSUD) Panembahan Senopati Bantul terdapat 142 penderita kanker payudara.

Tujuan Penelitian: Mengetahui karakteristik ibu yang mengalami kanker payudara di RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul

Metode Penelitian: Jenis penelitian *deskriptif kuantitatif* dengan pendekatan *studi retrospektif*. Metode pengambilan data sekunder yang diambil dari rekam medik. Teknik pengambilan sampel dengan *Total Sampling*. Lokasi penelitian ini di RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul yaitu seluruh ibu yang menderita kanker payudara periode Januari-November 2013 sebanyak 142 penderita.

Hasil Penelitian: Ibu yang mengalami kanker payudara di RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul mempunyai karakteristik berumur 40-49 tahun 54 responden (38.0%), berpendidikan dasar 63 responden (44.4%), merupakan ibu rumah tangga 38 responden (26.8%), termasuk paritas nullipara 54 responden (38.0%), menggunakan kontrasepsi hormonal 97 responden (68.3%).

Kesimpulan: Responden yang menderita kanker payudara di RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul mayoritas berumur 40-49 tahun, berpendidikan dasar, merupakan ibu rumah tangga, termasuk paritas nullipara, dan menggunakan kontrasepsi hormonal

Kata Kunci: Karakteristik, Kanker Payudara

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**CHARACTERISTICS OF MATERNAL WHO HAD BREAST CANCER
IN REGIONAL GENERAL HOSPITAL (RSUD)
PANEMBAHAN SENOPATI BANTUL**

ABSTRACT

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Background: Breast cancer is a condition in which cells have lost normal control mechanisms, so that the abnormal growth and uncontrolled. The number of cases of breast cancer patients in the provincial of DIY in 2013 found as many as 947 patients from four districts were reported. Highest area in Provincial of DIY that affected by breast cancer is Bantul particularly RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul contained 142 patients with breast cancer.

Objective: To identify the characteristics of maternal who develop breast cancer in RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul.

Method: This was a descriptive study with a quantitative approach to retrospective studies. Secondary data collection method are taken from the record medic. Sampling technique with a total sampling. The location of this study in the RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul consist are all mothers who have breast cancer period January - November in 2013 as many as 142 patients.

Results: Maternal who have breast cancer in RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul has characteristics of aged 40 - 49 years were 54 respondents (38%), primary education 63 respondents (44.4%), a housewife 38 respondents (26.8%), including parity nullipara 54 respondents (38%), 97 respondents using hormonal contraceptives (68.3%).

Conclusions: Respondents who had breast cancer in RSUD Panembahan Senopati Bantul majority aged 40 - 49 years, primary education, a housewife, including nullipara parity, and use of hormonal contraceptives.

Key Word: Characteristic, Breast Cancer

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