

GAMBARAN TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN IBU HAMIL TENTANG BUKU KESEHATAN IBU DAN ANAK (KIA) DI PUSKESMAS JETIS II KABUPATEN BANTUL

INTISARI

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Latar belakang: Angka Kematian Ibu (AKI) di Indonesia saat ini masih tergolong tinggi. Menurut survei demografi kesehatan Indonesia tahun 2012 sebesar 359 per 100.000 kelahiran hidup. Pelayanan kesehatan ibu saat hamil (*antenatal care*) sekurang-kurangnya empat kali selama masa kehamilan. Pelayanan kesehatan ibu hamil tidak terlepas dari buku KIA. Pengetahuan merupakan salah satu faktor yang memengaruhi pemanfaatan buku KIA oleh ibu hamil. Hasil studi pendahuluan di Puskesmas Jetis II Kabupaten Bantul di peroleh data cakupan K4 masih dibawah target yaitu sebesar 85,54%.

Tujuan penelitian: Diketuinya tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang buku kesehatan ibu dan anak (KIA) di Puskesmas Jetis II Kabupaten Bantul.

Metode penelitian: Desain penelitian ini adalah deskriptif kuantitatif. Teknik sampling yang digunakan adalah *purposive sampling* dengan jumlah sampel sebesar 41 ibu hamil sesuai dengan kriteria inklusi dan eksklusi. Penelitian ini menggunakan kuesioner tertutup sebagai alat ukur dan analisis data menggunakan *univariat*.

Hasil: Tingkat pengetahuan tentang pengertian buku KIA dalam kategori kurang sebanyak 20 responden (48,8%), penggunaan buku KIA dalam kategori kurang sebanyak 17 responden (41,5%), manfaat buku KIA dalam kategori baik sebanyak 19 responden (46,3%), dan bagian buku KIA yang diisi oleh ibu hamil dalam kategori kurang sebanyak 17 responden (41,5%).

Kesimpulan: Tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil tentang buku KIA di Puskesmas Jetis II Kabupaten Bantul termasuk dalam kategori cukup yaitu sebanyak 23 responden (56,1%).

Kata kunci : Tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil terhadap buku KIA

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THE DESCRIPTION OF KNOWLEDGE LEVEL OF PREGNANT MOTHERS ABOUT MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH (MCH) BOOK IN COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER OF JETIS II BANTUL REGION

ABSTRACT

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Background: Maternal mortality ratio (MMR) in Indonesia remains high today. Demographic survey of Indonesian Health in 2012 figured out number of 359 mortalities per 100.000 live birth. Antenatal care should be at least four times during pregnancy. Antenatal care involves MCH book. Knowledge is one of factors that influences the utilization of MCH book by pregnant mothers. Preliminary study in community health center of Jetis II, Bantul region, found out that ANC 4 coverage was still below target as many as 85,54%.

Objective: To identify the knowledge level of pregnant mothers about Maternal and Child Health Book (MCH) in community health center of Jetis II, Bantul region.

Method: This study design was quantitative descriptive. Sampling technique applied purposive sampling with samples as many as 41 pregnant mothers who fulfilled inclusion and exclusion criteria. This study distributed closed questionnaires as measurement instrument and data analysis applied univariate.

Result: Knowledge level about the definition of MCH book was in poor category as many as 20 respondents (48,8%), the utilization of MCH book was in poor category as many as 17 respondents (41,5%), the benefits of MCH book was in good category as many as 19 respondents (46,3%), and parts of MCH book to be filled by pregnant mothers was in poor category as many as 17 respondents (41,5%).

Conclusion: The knowledge level of pregnant mothers about MCH book in community health center of Jetis II, Bantul region, was in sufficient category as many as 23 respondents (56,1%).

Keywords: Knowledge level of pregnant mothers about MCH book.

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