

RINGKASAN

ASUHAN KEBIDANAN BERKESINAMBUNGAN PADA NY. E UMUR 26 TAHUN MULTIPARA DI KLINIK PRATAMA DELIMA

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Latar Belakang: Dampak anemia pada ibu hamil dapat diamati dari besarnya angka kesakitan dan kematian maternal, peningkatan angka kesakitan dan kematian janin, serta peningkatan resiko terjadinya berat badan lahir rendah, anemia pada ibu hamil TM I dan TM III adalah kondisi dimana kadar hemoglobin (Hb) darah ibu lebih rendah dari 11 g/dl, serta kadar Hb < 10,50 gr% disebabkan oleh kurangnya konsumsi makanan yang mengandung zat besi atau adanya gangguan penyerapan zat besi dalam tubuh. Kebutuhan zat besi pada ibu hamil dua kali kebutuhan normal orang dewasa.

Tujuan: Mampu memberikan asuhan kebidanan secara komprehensif pada Ny.E umur 26 Tahun multipara dari masa kehamilan, persalinan, nifas, bayi baru lahir dan neonatus di Klinik Pratama Delima.

Metode: Metode penelitian observasional deskriptif dengan melakukan pendekatan studi kasus terhadap asuhan secara komprehensif pada ibu hamil, bersalin, nifas, bayi baru lahir, serta masa interval yang dapat membantu menyelesaikan masalah yang dihadapi.

Hasil: Hasil penelitian menunjukkan asuhan yang diberikan dari mulai kehamilan, persalinan, nifas dan bayi baru lahir semua berjalan lancar serta kondisi ibu dan bayi baik dan sehat.

Kesimpulan: Simpulan, setelah diberikan asuhan Continuity of Care mulai dari kehamilan, persalinan, nifas dan bayi baru lahir semua berjalan lancar serta kondisi ibu dan bayi normal.

Kata Kunci: Asuhan Kebidanan, Continuity Of Care, Multipara

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ABSTRACT

CONTINUOUS OBSTETRIC CARE FOR MRS. E AGE 26 YEARS MULTIPARA AT PRATAMA DELIMA CLINIC

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Background: The impact of anemia on pregnant women can be observed from the large number of maternal pain and mortality, the increase in the rate of fetal pain and mortality, and the increased risk of low birth weight, anemia in pregnant women TM I and TM III is a condition in which the hemoglobin (Hb) level of the mother's blood is lower than 11 g/dl, and the Hb level < 10.50 gr% caused by a lack of consumption of iron-containing foods or impaired iron absorption in the body. The iron requirement in pregnant women is twice the normal need of adults.

Objective: To be able to provide comprehensive obstetric care to Mrs. E aged 26 years from pregnancy, childbirth, postpartum, newborn and neonatal at the Pomegranate Primary Clinic.

Methods: Descriptive observational research method by conducting a case study approach to comprehensive care in pregnant women, childbirth, postpartum, newborns, and interval periods that can help solve the problems faced.

Results: The results of the study showed that the care provided from pregnancy, childbirth, postpartum and newborn all went smoothly and the condition of the mother and baby was good and healthy.

Conclusion: In conclusion, after being given Continuity of Care care starting from pregnancy, childbirth, postpartum and newborn all went smoothly and the condition of the mother and baby was normal.

Keywords: Midwifery Care, Continuity Of Care, Multipara

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