

ABSTRACT

THE CORRELATION BETWEEN THE COMPREHENSION DEGREE OF THE OF THE THIRD TRIMESTER PREGNANT WOMEN ABOUT THE DANGEROUS SYMPTOM IN PREGNANCY WITH THE DUTIFULNESS OF ACCOMPLISHING ANTENATAL CARE (ANC) AT SRI MARTUTI PRIVATE MIDWIFE IN PIYUNGAN 2011

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Background: From 10 women (100%) of pregnant women who are interviewed, there are only 4 (40%) woman who understand about the dangerous symptom in pregnancy, and the remaining 6 women (60%) do not know about it. Moreover, 3 (30%) pregnant women are not dutiful in doing Antenatal Care (ANC). The researcher conducted this interview in the Sri Martuti Private Midwife.

Objective: The objective of the research is to know the comprehension degree of the third trimester pregnant women about the dangerous symptom in pregnancy with the dutifulness to do Antenatal Care (ANC) at Sri Martuti Private Midwife in Piyungan.

Method: The type of this research is analytic survey with *Cross Sectional* approach. The samples are 31 third trimester pregnant women in the age of pregnancy ≥ 36 weeks. The researcher applies *kolmogorov sminov* with the trusting degree 95% in analyzing data.

Result: Most of the pregnant women who control their pregnancy at Sri Martuti Private Midwife in Piyungan have known about the dangerous symptom in pregnancy. Their knowledge degree is high (51,6%) who most of them graduated from senior high school (61,3%), and accomplishing ANC submissively (77,4%). The result of *kolmogorov* analysis gets the value of Z count at about (1,552) with the level of significance 0,016.

Conclusion: There is correlation between the knowledge degrees of the third trimester pregnant women about the dangerous symptom in pregnancy with the dutifulness of accomplishing Antenatal Care (ANC) at Sri Martuti Private Midwife in Piyungan, 2011.

Suggestion: The pregnant women who are not dutiful in accomplishing Antenatal Care (ANC) are expected to improve their dutifulness in accomplishing the Antenatal Care (ANC)

Keywords: Knowledge, Dangerous Symptom in Pregnancy, Dutifulness, Antenatal Care (ANC)

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INTISARI

HUBUNGAN TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN IBU HAMIL TRIMESTER III TENTANG TANDA BAHAYA KEHAMILAN DENGAN KEPATUHAN MELAKUKAN ANC DI BPS SRI MARTUTI PIYUNGAN TAHUN 2011

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Latarbelakang: Di BPS Sri Martuti, dari 10 (100%) ibu hamil yang diwawancarai hanya 4 (40%) ibu hamil mengerti dan 6 (60%) ibu hamil tidak mengetahui tentang tanda bahaya kehamilan dan 3 (30%) ibu hamil tidak patuh dalam melakukan ANC

Tujuan: Untuk Mengetahui Hubungan Tingkat Pengetahuan Ibu Hamil Trimester III tentang Tanda Bahaya Kehamilan dengan Kepatuhan Melakukan ANC di BPS Sri Martuti Piyungan.

Metode: Jenis penelitian survey analitik dengan pendekatan *Cross Sectional*. Sampel ibu hamil trimester III dengan usia kehamilan ≥ 36 minggu sebanyak 31 ibu hamil, analisis data *kolmogorov smirnov* tingkat kepercayaan 95%.

Hasil: Ibu hamil di BPS Sri Martuti Piyungan sebagian besar memiliki pengetahuan tentang tanda bahaya kehamilan tinggi (51,6%) dengan tingkat pendidikan sebagian besar SLTA (61,3%), melaksanakan kunjungan ANC secara patuh (77,4%). Hasil analisis *kolmogorov* nilai Z hitung sebesar (1,552), dengan signifikan 0,016.

Kesimpulan: Ada hubungan antara tingkat pengetahuan ibu hamil trimester III tentang tanda bahaya kehamilan dengan kepatuhan melakukan ANC di BPS Sri Martuti Piyungan Tahun 2011.

Saran: Diharapkan bagi ibu hamil yang belum patuh melakukan ANC, dapat meningkatkan kepatuhannya dalam melakukan ANC.

Kata Kunci: Pengetahuan, Tanda Bahaya Kehamilan, Kepatuhan, ANC

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